AMENDMENT OF SOLICITATION	1. CONTRACT ID	CODE	PAGE OF PAGES			
			IDOLLAGE DEG. NO.	E DDO IECTA	1 (6 6 -	48
2. AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION NO. 0013	3. EFFECTIVE DATE 07 October 2011	4. REQUISITION/PU		5. PROJECT N	чО. (Іт арріїс	:able)
6. ISSUED BY CODE	SPM300	7. ADMINISTERED	BY (If other than Item 6)	CODE		
Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) Troop St 700 Robbins Avenue Philadelphia, PA 19111 POC: Linda L. Ford (215) 737-7804	upport					
8. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONTRACTOR (No	o., street, county, State and	I ZIP Code)	(X) 9A. AMENDI	MENT OF SOLIC	CITATION N	0.
			<b>'</b>	)-11-R-0005 (SEE ITEM 11)		
				ber 2010		
			10A. MODIFI	CATION OF CO	NTRACT/O	RDER NO.
			10B. DATED	(SEE ITEM 13)	1	
CODE	FACILITY CODE					
	M ONLY APPLIES TO					
The above numbered solicitation is amended as set Offer must acknowledge receipt of this amendment prior	forth in Item 14. The hour and the hour and the four and date specified in the four and the four	d date specified for receipt in the solicitation or as am	of Offers is exte ended, by one of the follo		not extended	
(a) By completing Items 8 and 15, and returning 1 separate letter or telegram which includes a reference to DESIGNATED FOR THE RECEIPT OF OFFERS PRIOR desire to change an offer already submitted, such change and is received prior to the opening hour and date specification. Accounting and Appropriation Data (If required)	the solicitation and amendmen TO THE HOUR AND DATE SI may be made by telegram or ed.	PECIFIED MAY RESULT I	YOUR ACKNOWLEDGN IN REJECTION OF YOU	MENT TO BE REC IR OFFER. If by v	EIVED AT TH irtue of this an	IE PLACE nendment you
13. THIS ITEM A	PPLIES ONLY TO MO	ODIFICATIONS OF	CONTRACTS/C	ORDERS,		
	THE CONTRACT/OF					
(X) A. THIS CHANGE ORDER IS ISSUED PURS THE CONTRACT ORDER NO. IN ITEM 10	Α.					
B. THE ABOVE NUMBERED CONTRACT/OF appropriation date, etc.) SET FORTH IN IT				(such as chang	es in paying	office,
C. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENT IS E PURSUANT TO AUTHORITY OF:	ENTERED INTO					
D. OTHER (Specify type of modification and a	uthority)					
E. IMPORTANT: Contractor is not,	is required to sign this d	ocument and return	copies to t	the issuing office	<b>)</b> .	
14. DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT/MODIFICAT	TION (Organized by UCF s	ection headings, includ	ing solicitation/contra	ct subject matte	where feasi	ible.)
The details of this amendment are provide	d on the following page	s.				
Except as provided berein, all terms and conditions of the	decument referenced in Item 0	A or 40A, as heretofore share	anged remains unchanged	and and in full forced	and offect	
Except as provided herein, all terms and conditions of the document referenced in Item 9A or 10A, as heretofore characteristics. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or print)  16A. NAME AND T			ITLE OF SIGNER (Ty		and clicci.	
	,	LINDA L. FOI				
15B. CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR	15C. DATE SIGNED	16B. UNITED STAT	TES OF AMERICA		16C. DATE	SIGNED
		BY				
(Signature of person authorized to sign)		(Sign	nature of Contracting Off	icer)		

STANDARD FORM 30 (REV. 10-83) Prescribed by GSA FAR (48 CFR) 53.243

This amendment contains two sections. Section I contains actual revisions (adds/changes/deletions) to the solicitation requirements. Section II contains actual revisions (adds/changes/deletions) to the solicitation attachments 1-4. The revised attachments 1-4 will be provided as an attachment to this amendment.

### **Section I – Solicitation Revisions**

- 1. On page 21, FAR 52.204-9, revise the date from Sept 2007 to Jan 2011.
- 2. On page 21, FAR 52.232-17, revise the date from Oct 2008 to Oct 2010.
- 3. On page 22, add the following clause:

### FAR 52.203-13 - Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (APR 2010)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Agent" means any individual, including a director, an officer, an employee, or an independent Contractor, authorized to act on behalf of the organization.

"Full cooperation"—

- (1) Means disclosure to the Government of the information sufficient for law enforcement to identify the nature and extent of the offense and the individuals responsible for the conduct. It includes providing timely and complete response to Government auditors' and investigators' request for documents and access to employees with information;
- (2) Does not foreclose any Contractor rights arising in law, the FAR, or the terms of the contract. It does not require—
- (i) A Contractor to waive its attorney-client privilege or the protections afforded by the attorney work product doctrine; or
- (ii) Any officer, director, owner, or employee of the Contractor, including a sole proprietor, to waive his or her attorney client privilege or Fifth Amendment rights; and
  - (3) Does not restrict a Contractor from—
    - (i) Conducting an internal investigation; or
- (ii) Defending a proceeding or dispute arising under the contract or related to a potential or disclosed violation.

"Principal" means an officer, director, owner, partner, or a person having primary management or supervisory responsibilities within a business entity (*e.g.*, general manager; plant manager; head of a division or business segment; and similar positions).

"Subcontract" means any contract entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract or a subcontract.

"Subcontractor" means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnished supplies or services to or for a prime contractor or another subcontractor.

"United States," means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

- (b) Code of business ethics and conduct.
- (1) Within 30 days after contract award, unless the Contracting Officer establishes a longer time period, the Contractor shall—
  - (i) Have a written code of business ethics and conduct; and
- (ii) Make a copy of the code available to each employee engaged in performance of the contract.
  - (2) The Contractor shall—
    - (i) Exercise due diligence to prevent and detect criminal conduct; and
- (ii) Otherwise promote an organizational culture that encourages ethical conduct and a commitment to compliance with the law.
- (3)(i) The Contractor shall timely disclose, in writing, to the agency Office of the Inspector General (OIG), with a copy to the Contracting Officer, whenever, in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of this contract or any subcontract thereunder, the Contractor has credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, or subcontractor of the Contractor has committed—
- (A) A violation of Federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in Title 18 of the United States Code; or
  - (B) A violation of the civil False Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733).
- (ii) The Government, to the extent permitted by law and regulation, will safeguard and treat information obtained pursuant to the Contractor's disclosure as confidential where the information has been marked "confidential" or "proprietary" by the company. To the extent permitted by law and regulation, such information will not be released by the Government to the public pursuant to a Freedom of Information Act request, <u>5 U.S.C.</u>

  <u>Section 552</u>, without prior notification to the Contractor. The Government may transfer documents provided by the Contractor to any department or agency within the Executive Branch if the information relates to matters within the organization's jurisdiction.
- (iii) If the violation relates to an order against a Governmentwide acquisition contract, a multi-agency contract, a multiple-award schedule contract such as the Federal Supply Schedule, or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, the Contractor shall notify the OIG of the ordering agency and the IG of the agency responsible for the basic contract.
- (c) Business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system. This paragraph (c) does not apply if the Contractor has represented itself as a small business concern pursuant to the award of this contract or if this contract is for the acquisition of a commercial item as defined at FAR 2.101. The Contractor shall establish the following within 90 days after contract award, unless the Contracting Officer establishes a longer time period:

- (1) An ongoing business ethics awareness and compliance program.
- (i) This program shall include reasonable steps to communicate periodically and in a practical manner the Contractor's standards and procedures and other aspects of the Contractor's business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system, by conducting effective training programs and otherwise disseminating information appropriate to an individual's respective roles and responsibilities.
- (ii) The training conducted under this program shall be provided to the Contractor's principals and employees, and as appropriate, the Contractor's agents and subcontractors.
  - (2) An internal control system.
    - (i) The Contractor's internal control system shall—
- (A) Establish standards and procedures to facilitate timely discovery of improper conduct in connection with Government contracts; and
  - (B) Ensure corrective measures are promptly instituted and carried out.
- (ii) At a minimum, the Contractor's internal control system shall provide for the following:
- (A) Assignment of responsibility at a sufficiently high level and adequate resources to ensure effectiveness of the business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system.
- (B) Reasonable efforts not to include an individual as a principal, whom due diligence would have exposed as having engaged in conduct that is in conflict with the Contractor's code of business ethics and conduct.
- (C) Periodic reviews of company business practices, procedures, policies, and internal controls for compliance with the Contractor's code of business ethics and conduct and the special requirements of Government contracting, including—
  - (1) Monitoring and auditing to detect criminal conduct;
- (2) Periodic evaluation of the effectiveness of the business ethics awareness and compliance program and internal control system, especially if criminal conduct has been detected; and
- (3) Periodic assessment of the risk of criminal conduct, with appropriate steps to design, implement, or modify the business ethics awareness and compliance program and the internal control system as necessary to reduce the risk of criminal conduct identified through this process.
- (D) An internal reporting mechanism, such as a hotline, which allows for anonymity or confidentiality, by which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct, and instructions that encourage employees to make such reports.
- (E) Disciplinary action for improper conduct or for failing to take reasonable steps to prevent or detect improper conduct.

(F) Timely disclosure, in writing, to the agency OIG, with a copy to the Contracting Officer, whenever, in connection with the award, performance, or closeout of any Government contract performed by the Contractor or a subcontract thereunder, the Contractor has credible evidence that a principal, employee, agent, or subcontractor of the Contractor has committed a violation of Federal criminal law involving fraud, conflict of interest, bribery, or gratuity violations found in Title 18 U.S.C. or a violation of the civil False Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3729-3733).

- (1) If a violation relates to more than one Government contract, the Contractor may make the disclosure to the agency OIG and Contracting Officer responsible for the largest dollar value contract impacted by the violation.
- (2) If the violation relates to an order against a Government wide acquisition contract, a multi-agency contract, a multiple-award schedule contract such as the Federal Supply Schedule, or any other procurement instrument intended for use by multiple agencies, the contractor shall notify the OIG of the ordering agency and the IG of the agency responsible for the basic contract, and the respective agencies' contracting officers.
- (3) The disclosure requirement for an individual contract continues until at least 3 years after final payment on the contract.
- (4) The Government will safeguard such disclosures in accordance with paragraph (b)(3)(ii) of this clause.
- (G) Full cooperation with any Government agencies responsible for audits, investigations, or corrective actions.
  - (d) Subcontracts.
- (1) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in subcontracts that have a value in excess of \$5,000,000 and a performance period of more than 120 days.
- (2) In altering this clause to identify the appropriate parties, all disclosures of violation of the civil False Claims Act or of Federal criminal law shall be directed to the agency Office of the Inspector General, with a copy to the Contracting Officer.

4. On page 22, delete FAR 52.209-6 in its entirety. This clause is checked in FAR 52.212-5.

5. On pages 25-33, delete and replace DFARS 252.225-7040 (DEVIATION 2007-O0010) with the following clause:

## DFARS 252.225-7040 - Contractor Personnel Authorized to Accompany U.S. Armed Forces Deployed Outside the United States (JUN 2011).

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Combatant Commander" means the commander of a unified or specified combatant command established in accordance with 10 U.S.C. 161.

"Designated operational area" means a geographic area designated by the combatant commander or subordinate joint force commander for the conduct or support of specified military operations.

"Law of war" means that part of international law that regulates the conduct of armed hostilities. The law of war encompasses all international law for the conduct of hostilities binding on the United States or its individual citizens, including treaties and international agreements to which the United States is a party, and applicable customary international law.

"Subordinate joint force commander" means a sub-unified commander or joint task force commander.

- (b) General.
- (1) This clause applies when Contractor personnel are authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States in—
  - (i) Contingency operations;
  - (ii) Humanitarian or peacekeeping operations; or
- (iii) Other military operations or military exercises, when designated by the Combatant Commander.
- (2) Contract performance in support of U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States may require work in dangerous or austere conditions. Except as otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor accepts the risks associated with required contract performance in such operations.
  - (3) Contractor personnel are civilians accompanying the U.S. Armed Forces.
- (i) Except as provided in paragraph (b)(3)(ii) of this clause, Contractor personnel are only authorized to use deadly force in self-defense.
- (ii) Contractor personnel performing security functions are also authorized to use deadly force when such force reasonably appears necessary to execute their security mission to protect assets/persons, consistent with the terms and conditions contained in their contract or with their job description and terms of employment.
- (iii) Unless immune from host nation jurisdiction by virtue of an international agreement or international law, inappropriate use of force by contractor personnel authorized to accompany the U.S. Armed Forces can subject such personnel to United States or host nation prosecution and civil liability (see paragraphs (d) and (j)(3) of this clause).
- (4) Service performed by Contractor personnel subject to this clause is not active duty or service under 38 U.S.C. 106 note.

- (c) Support.
- (1)(i) The Combatant Commander will develop a security plan for protection of Contractor personnel in locations where there is not sufficient or legitimate civil authority, when the Combatant Commander decides it is in the interests of the Government to provide security because—
  - (A) The Contractor cannot obtain effective security services;
  - (B) Effective security services are unavailable at a reasonable cost; or
  - (C) Threat conditions necessitate security through military means.
- (ii) The Contracting Officer shall include in the contract the level of protection to be provided to Contractor personnel.
- (iii) In appropriate cases, the Combatant Commander may provide security through military means, commensurate with the level of security provided DoD civilians.
- (2)(i) Generally, all Contractor personnel authorized to accompany the U.S. Armed Forces in the designated operational area are authorized to receive resuscitative care, stabilization, hospitalization at level III military treatment facilities, and assistance with patient movement in emergencies where loss of life, limb, or eyesight could occur. Hospitalization will be limited to stabilization and short-term medical treatment with an emphasis on return to duty or placement in the patient movement system.
- (ii) When the Government provides medical treatment or transportation of Contractor personnel to a selected civilian facility, the Contractor shall ensure that the Government is reimbursed for any costs associated with such treatment or transportation.
- (iii) Medical or dental care beyond this standard is not authorized unless specified elsewhere in this contract.
- (3) Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor is responsible for all other support required for its personnel engaged in the designated operational area under this contract.
- (4) Contractor personnel must have a Synchronized Predeployment and Operational Tracker (SPOT)-generated letter of authorization signed by the Contracting Officer in order to process through a deployment center or to travel to, from, or within the designated operational area. The letter of authorization also will identify any additional authorizations, privileges, or Government support that Contractor personnel are entitled to under this contract.
- (d) Compliance with laws and regulations.
- (1) The Contractor shall comply with, and shall ensure that its personnel authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States as specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause are familiar with and comply with, all applicable—
  - (i) United States, host country, and third country national laws;
- (ii) Provisions of the law of war, as well as any other applicable treaties and international agreements;
  - (iii) United States regulations, directives, instructions, policies, and procedures; and
- (iv) Orders, directives, and instructions issued by the Combatant Commander, including those relating to force protection, security, health, safety, or relations and interaction with local nationals.
- (2) The Contractor shall institute and implement an effective program to prevent violations of the law of war by its employees and subcontractors, including law of war training in accordance with paragraph (e)(1)(vii) of this clause.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that contractor employees accompanying U.S. Armed Forces are aware—

- (i) Of the DoD definition of "sexual assault" in DoDD 6495.01, Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Program;
- (ii) That many of the offenses addressed by the definition are covered under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (see paragraph (e)(2)(iv) of this clause); and
- (iii) That the offenses not covered by the Uniform Code of Military Justice may nevertheless have consequences to the contractor employees (see paragraph (h)(1) of this clause). (e) *Pre-deployment requirements*.
- (1) The Contractor shall ensure that the following requirements are met prior to deploying personnel authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces. Specific requirements for each category may be specified in the statement of work or elsewhere in the contract.
  - (i) All required security and background checks are complete and acceptable.
- (ii) All deploying personnel meet the minimum medical screening requirements and have received all required immunizations as specified in the contract. The Government will provide, at no cost to the Contractor, any theater-specific immunizations and/or medications not available to the general public.
- (iii) Deploying personnel have all necessary passports, visas, and other documents required to enter and exit a designated operational area and have a Geneva Conventions identification card, or other appropriate DoD identity credential, from the deployment center. Any Common Access Card issued to deploying personnel shall contain the access permissions allowed by the letter of authorization issued in accordance with paragraph (c)(4) of this clause.
- (iv) Special area, country, and theater clearance is obtained for personnel. Clearance requirements are in DoD Directive 4500.54, Official Temporary Duty Abroad, and DoD 4500.54-G, DoD Foreign Clearance Guide. Contractor personnel are considered non-DoD personnel traveling under DoD sponsorship.
- (v) All personnel have received personal security training. At a minimum, the training shall—
  - (A) Cover safety and security issues facing employees overseas;
  - (B) Identify safety and security contingency planning activities; and
- (C) Identify ways to utilize safety and security personnel and other resources appropriately.
- (vi) All personnel have received isolated personnel training, if specified in the contract, in accordance with DoD Instruction 1300.23, Isolated Personnel Training for DoD Civilian and Contractors.
  - (vii) Personnel have received law of war training as follows:
- (A) Basic training is required for all Contractor personnel authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States. The basic training will be provided through—
  - (1) A military-run training center; or
- (2) A web-based source, if specified in the contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.
- (B) Advanced training, commensurate with their duties and responsibilities, may be required for some Contractor personnel as specified in the contract.

(2) The Contractor shall notify all personnel who are not a host country national, or who are not ordinarily resident in the host country, that—

- (i) Such employees, and dependents residing with such employees, who engage in conduct outside the United States that would constitute an offense punishable by imprisonment for more than one year if the conduct had been engaged in within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, may potentially be subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the United States in accordance with the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act of 2000 (18 U.S.C. 3621, et seq.);
- (ii) Pursuant to the War Crimes Act (18 U.S.C. 2441), Federal criminal jurisdiction also extends to conduct that is determined to constitute a war crime when committed by a civilian national of the United States:
- (iii) Other laws may provide for prosecution of U.S. nationals who commit offenses on the premises of U.S. diplomatic, consular, military or other U.S. Government missions outside the United States (18 U.S.C. 7(9)); and
- (iv) In time of declared war or a contingency operation, Contractor personnel authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces in the field are subject to the jurisdiction of the Uniform Code of Military Justice under 10 U.S.C. 802(a)(10).
- (f) Processing and departure points. Deployed Contractor personnel shall—
- (1) Process through the deployment center designated in the contract, or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, prior to deploying. The deployment center will conduct deployment processing to ensure visibility and accountability of Contractor personnel and to ensure that all deployment requirements are met, including the requirements specified in paragraph (e)(1) of this clause;
- (2) Use the point of departure and transportation mode directed by the Contracting Officer; and
- (3) Process through a Joint Reception Center (JRC) upon arrival at the deployed location. The JRC will validate personnel accountability, ensure that specific designated operational area entrance requirements are met, and brief Contractor personnel on theater-specific policies and procedures.
  - (g) Personnel data.
- (1) The Contractor shall enter before deployment and maintain data for all Contractor personnel that are authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States as specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause. The Contractor shall use the Synchronized Predeployment and Operational Tracker (SPOT) web-based system, at <a href="http://www.dod.mil/bta/products/spot.html">http://www.dod.mil/bta/products/spot.html</a>, to enter and maintain the data.
- (2) The Contractor shall ensure that all employees in the database have a current DD Form 93, Record of Emergency Data Card, on file with both the Contractor and the designated Government official. The Contracting Officer will inform the Contractor of the Government official designated to receive this data card.
  - (h) Contractor personnel.
- (1) The Contracting Officer may direct the Contractor, at its own expense, to remove and replace any Contractor personnel who jeopardize or interfere with mission accomplishment or who fail to comply with or violate applicable requirements of this contract. Such action may be taken at the Government's discretion without prejudice to its rights under any other provision of this contract, including the Termination for Default clause.

(2) The Contractor shall have a plan on file showing how the Contractor would replace employees who are unavailable for deployment or who need to be replaced during deployment. The Contractor shall keep this plan current and shall provide a copy to the Contracting Officer upon request. The plan shall—

- (i) Identify all personnel who are subject to military mobilization;
- (ii) Detail how the position would be filled if the individual were mobilized; and
- (iii) Identify all personnel who occupy a position that the Contracting Officer has designated as mission essential.
- (3) Contractor personnel shall report to the Combatant Commander or a designee, or through other channels such as the military police, a judge advocate, or an inspector general, any suspected or alleged conduct for which there is credible information that such conduct—
  - (i) Constitutes violation of the law of war; or
- (ii) Occurred during any other military operations and would constitute a violation of the law of war if it occurred during an armed conflict.
- (i) Military clothing and protective equipment.
- (1) Contractor personnel are prohibited from wearing military clothing unless specifically authorized in writing by the Combatant Commander. If authorized to wear military clothing, Contractor personnel must—
- (i) Wear distinctive patches, arm bands, nametags, or headgear, in order to be distinguishable from military personnel, consistent with force protection measures; and
  - (ii) Carry the written authorization with them at all times.
- (2) Contractor personnel may wear military-unique organizational clothing and individual equipment (OCIE) required for safety and security, such as ballistic, nuclear, biological, or chemical protective equipment.
- (3) The deployment center, or the Combatant Commander, shall issue OCIE and shall provide training, if necessary, to ensure the safety and security of Contractor personnel.
- (4) The Contractor shall ensure that all issued OCIE is returned to the point of issue, unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer.
- (i) Weapons.
- (1) If the Contractor requests that its personnel performing in the designated operational area be authorized to carry weapons, the request shall be made through the Contracting Officer to the Combatant Commander, in accordance with DoD Instruction 3020.41, paragraph 6.3.4.1 or, if the contract is for security services, paragraph 6.3.5.3. The Combatant Commander will determine whether to authorize in-theater Contractor personnel to carry weapons and what weapons and ammunition will be allowed.
- (2) If the Contracting Officer, subject to the approval of the Combatant Commander, authorizes the carrying of weapons—
- (i) The Contracting Officer may authorize the Contractor to issue Contractor-owned weapons and ammunition to specified employees; or
- (ii) The [Contracting Officer to specify the appropriate individual, e.g., Contracting Officer's Representative, Regional Security Officer] may issue Government-furnished weapons and ammunition to the Contractor for issuance to specified Contractor employees.

- (3) The Contractor shall ensure that its personnel who are authorized to carry weapons—
  - (i) Are adequately trained to carry and use them—
    - (A) Safely;
- (B) With full understanding of, and adherence to, the rules of the use of force issued by the Combatant Commander; and
- (C) In compliance with applicable agency policies, agreements, rules, regulations, and other applicable law;
  - (ii) Are not barred from possession of a firearm by 18 U.S.C. 922; and
- (iii) Adhere to all guidance and orders issued by the Combatant Commander regarding possession, use, safety, and accountability of weapons and ammunition.
- (4) Whether or not weapons are Government-furnished, all liability for the use of any weapon by Contractor personnel rests solely with the Contractor and the Contractor employee using such weapon.
- (5) Upon redeployment or revocation by the Combatant Commander of the Contractor's authorization to issue firearms, the Contractor shall ensure that all Government-issued weapons and unexpended ammunition are returned as directed by the Contracting Officer.
- (k) Vehicle or equipment licenses. Contractor personnel shall possess the required licenses to operate all vehicles or equipment necessary to perform the contract in the designated operational area.
- (1) Purchase of scarce goods and services. If the Combatant Commander has established an organization for the designated operational area whose function is to determine that certain items are scarce goods or services, the Contractor shall coordinate with that organization local purchases of goods and services designated as scarce, in accordance with instructions provided by the Contracting Officer.
  - (m) Evacuation.
- (1) If the Combatant Commander orders a mandatory evacuation of some or all personnel, the Government will provide assistance, to the extent available, to United States and third country national Contractor personnel.
- (2) In the event of a non-mandatory evacuation order, unless authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall maintain personnel on location sufficient to meet obligations under this contract.
  - (n) *Next of kin notification and personnel recovery.*
- (1) The Contractor shall be responsible for notification of the employee-designated next of kin in the event an employee dies, requires evacuation due to an injury, or is isolated, missing, detained, captured, or abducted.
- (2) In the case of isolated, missing, detained, captured, or abducted Contractor personnel, the Government will assist in personnel recovery actions in accordance with DoD Directive 3002.01E, Personnel Recovery in the Department of Defense.
- (o) *Mortuary affairs*. Mortuary affairs for Contractor personnel who die while accompanying the U.S. Armed Forces will be handled in accordance with DoD Directive 1300.22, Mortuary Affairs Policy.
- (p) *Changes*. In addition to the changes otherwise authorized by the Changes clause of this contract, the Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order identified as a change order, make changes in the place of performance or Government-furnished facilities, equipment, material, services, or site. Any change order issued in accordance with this paragraph (p) shall be subject to the provisions of the Changes clause of this contract.

(q) *Subcontracts*. The Contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (q), in all subcontracts when subcontractor personnel are authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States in—

- (1) Contingency operations;
- (2) Humanitarian or peacekeeping operations; or
- (3) Other military operations or military exercises, when designated by the Combatant Commander.
- 6. On pages 35-40 delete and replace DLAD 52.216.9065 as follows:

# DLAD 52.216.9065 - ECONOMIC PRICEADJUSTMENT - ACTUAL MATERIAL COSTS (MAY 2011)

- (a) **WARRANTIES**: For the portion of the schedule that is covered by this EPA clause, the contractor warrants that --
- (1) Contract Unit Prices covered by this contract do not include allowances for any portion of the contingency covered by this clause; and
- (2) All price adjustments invoiced under this contract shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of this clause.
- (b) **DEFINITIONS**: As used throughout this clause, the term.
- (1) "Contract Unit Price" means the total price per unit charged to DLA Troop Support for a product delivered to DLA Troop Support's customers. The Contract Unit Price consists of two components: Product Price and Distribution Price as identified in the schedule of items. The sum of the two component prices shall be rounded to the nearest cent to determine the final Contract Unit Price.
- (2) DLA Troop Support "Manufacturer's Price Agreement" (MPA) means an agreement between DLA Troop Support and manufacturers which identifies a fixed product price for specific items that will be cataloged by the prime vendor.
- (3) "**Product Price**" is the most recent DLA Troop Support Manufacturer's Price Agreement (MPA) price or the most recent manufacturer, grower or private label holder commercial price per unit to the Contractor, exclusive of standard freight. The Product Price shall be based on FOB Origin/Point of Manufacture. **Product Price shall exclude** all costs that are to be covered in the Distribution Price.
- (i) Exceptions:
- A) Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (FF&V): The product price shall be based on FOB Origin/Point of Importer when the following conditions apply;
- (1) The product is listed in category **59**; and
- (2) It is necessary for the product to be transported into the local market of the importer, as otherwise approved under the contract, from a foreign country because local supply does not exist or it is insufficient to meet demand requirements; and

(3) The importer that establishes the product price is the firm that actually performs the FF&V import service, including, but not limited to: procurement, storage, consolidation, pallets, and palletizing as it applies to the importer's normal commercial sales, and the importer has comparable commercial sales in the market that is the point of import.

- B) A CONUS-based manufacturer, grower or private label holder's product pricing which is a national price inclusive of transportation costs to a Distribution Point shall be supported by documentation and may be considered by the Government on a case by case basis, upon concurrence of the contracting officer.
- C) Mandatory Source Items: The product price shall be limited to the nonprofit agency's price for product as set in accordance with applicable law. The product price shall be based on FOB Origin/Nonprofit Agency. (Prices set in accordance with applicable law (FOB Origin/Nonprofit Agency.)
- D) Prime Vendor Table Displays/Decorations only: For products listed in Category <u>65</u> Prime Vendor Table Displays/Decorations only, the product price shall be based on FOB Origin/Point of the manufacturer's distributor because the manufacturer will not sell directly to the prime vendor. This exception must be approved by the Contracting Officer on a case by case basis. Support documentation is required.
- E) A CONUS-based redistributor's price for a specific manufacturer's product (SKU) may be considered by the Government as long as the redistributor's price for the quantity ordered is equal to or lower than the manufacturer's published price inclusive of discounts/allowances. This exception must be approved by the Contracting officer on a case by case basis. Support documentation may be required.
- (4) "Product Allowance" is discounts, rebates, and allowances to be passed on to the Government. In accordance with other provisions of the contract, all discounts, rebates, or allowances on particular items which are reflected in the amounts shown on the face of the manufacture's, grower's or private label holder's invoice (referred to as "off-invoice allowances") or otherwise given to the contractor by the manufacturer, grower or private label holder, shall be passed by the Contractor to the Government, in the form of an up-front price reduction. The total of these discounts, rebates, and allowances (Product Allowance), shall be reflected via a reduced STORES price, resulting in a lower invoice price to the customer. Any rebates that must be passed to the Government and which cannot be applied as an up-front price reduction must be submitted via check made to the US Treasury, attached with itemized listing of all customer purchases by line item to include contract number, call number, purchase order number and CLIN number.

(5). "Distribution Price" (s) means the firm fixed price portion of the Contract Unit Price, offered as a dollar amount per unit of issue, rounded up or down to the nearest cent. The Distribution Price is the only method for the Contractor to bill the Government for all contract performance other than Product Price. The Distribution Prices are broken down into Normal and Premium prices:

- (a) **Normal Distribution Price**: The normal distribution price is a firm fixed price and offered as a dollar amount, which represents all elements of the unit price, other than the product price and premium distribution price. All performance under this SOW will be included in the Normal Distribution Price except aspects of performance that are specifically identified as being included in the Premium Distribution Price. As detailed above in (3), Product Price is distinct from and not to be included in either Distribution Price. The normal distribution price shall exclude ocean shipping costs referenced below and premium distribution prices separately priced in the Schedule of Items. Note: The normal distribution price shall remain fixed for the base period of the contract, and is subject to any agreed option period adjustments.
- (b) <u>Premium Distribution Prices</u>: Premium distribution prices are firm fixed prices for the base period of the contract and are subject to any agreed upon option period adjustments. The premium distribution prices shall be offered as a dollar amount for the premium distribution categories identified in the statement of work.
- (6) "Ordering Catalog" means the electronic listing of items and their corresponding contract unit prices available for ordering under this contract.
- (7) "Ordering Month" means from the <u>Sunday (12:01AM)</u> of the First full week in a calendar month through the last <u>Saturday (11:59PM)</u> prior to the <u>Sunday of the next calendar month's first full week</u> (Eastern Time ET, standard or daylight as applicable).
- (8) "United States Defense Transportation System (DTS) Ocean Shipping Costs:"
- DTS ocean transportation costs (the cost of shipping the product from the Prime Vendor's CONUS facility(s) to the prime vendor's OCONUS facility(s), aka "Point to Point" delivery via DTS), shall be excluded from the distribution price. The Defense Transportation System is responsible for point-to-point delivery.
- (c) PRICE ADJUSTMENTS:
- (1) General:
- (i) All Contract Unit Prices shall be fixed and remain unchanged until changed pursuant to this clause or other applicable provision of the contract. Only the Product price component of the Contract Unit Price is subject to adjustment under this clause. After the first Ordering month, if the Contractor's Product Price changes for any or all Contract Unit Prices, the Contract Unit Price shall be changed in the next month's Ordering Catalog upon the Contractor's request, submitted in accordance with paragraph iii below, by the same dollar amount of the change in the Product price, subject to the limitations in paragraph (d). The price change shall be effective at the beginning of the next Ordering Month. All Ordering Catalog Unit Prices computed in accordance with this clause and in effect when an order is placed shall remain in effect for that order through delivery. DLA Troop Support will be charged the Contract Unit Price in effect at the time of each order regardless of any changes in the unit price occurring in any subsequent Ordering Month.

(ii) Catalog product prices must be reflective of the prime vendor's last receipt price (the price of the stock most recently received into the OCONUS inventory). For all distribution categories, when multiple sources are being utilized and more than one manufacturer's product is receipted prior to a catalog update, the contractor shall establish the product price based on the mix of invoices received after the previous changes period. The product price would be derived as follows:

Supplier A  $-\frac{40\% \text{ x } \$5.70 = \$2.28}{30\% \text{ x } \$5.90 = \$1.77}$ Supplier C  $-\frac{30\% \text{ x } \$6.30 = \$1.89}{30\% \text{ x } \$6.30 = \$1.89}$ 

Product Price = \$5.94

- (iii) **Updates to the Product Price**: All notices and requests for new item product prices and price changes shall be submitted monthly, no later than <u>5:00PM</u> Philadelphia time on the last <u>Monday</u> of each month for submission not later than <u>5:00PM</u> local Philadelphia time on the last <u>Monday</u> of each month, to be effective in the following Ordering Month's Ordering Catalog prices. The Product Price shall have any and all Product Allowance subtractions made prior to presenting the Product Price to DLA Troop Support. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer of its notice/request in the form of an EDI 832 transaction set. The change notice shall include the Contractor's adjustment in the Product Price component of the applicable Contract Unit Price. Upon the Contracting Officer's acceptance of such 832 price changes in accordance with v below, the price change transaction sets will post in the next month's Ordering Catalog and each contract unit price shall be changed by the same dollar amount of the change in the Product Price in the next month's Ordering Catalog.
- (iv) All price changes, and catalog contract prices, are subject to review by the Government. The Contracting Officer may at any time require the submission of supporting data to substantiate any requested price change or the requested continuation of the pre-existing price for any item, including prices applicable to prior ordering months. Upon notice from the Contracting Officer that supporting data is required, the Contractor shall promptly furnish to the Government all supporting data, including but not limited to, invoices, quotes, price lists, supplier documentation regarding rebates/allowances, and any other substantiating information requested by the Contracting Officer.
- (v) Price change requests that the Contracting Officer questions or finds to be inconsistent with the requirements of this clause shall not be posted until the Contracting Officer specifically authorizes the posting. If the Contracting Officer does not notify the Contractor by close of business local Philadelphia time on the <u>Friday</u> immediately following the <u>Monday</u> that a price or a price change request is being questioned or has been found to be erroneous, the price change(s) will post to the ordering catalog effective the beginning of the following Ordering Month. The posting of updated prices in the Ordering Catalog, calculated in accordance with this clause, constitutes a modification to this contract. No further contract modification is required to effect this change.

(vi) Should the Contracting Officer determine that, or question whether, a price change request contained an erroneous unit price or price change, or cannot otherwise determine the changed price(s) to be fair and reasonable, such as when the changed price(s) is (are) higher than lower Product Prices for items of comparable quality which are reasonably available to the Government or Contractor from other sources, the Contracting Officer will so advise the Contractor, prior to close of business local Philadelphia time on the <u>Friday</u> immediately following the <u>Monday</u>. If the Contracting Officer cannot determine a price fair and reasonable, and the Contracting Officer and the Contractor cannot negotiate a fair and reasonable price, the Contracting Officer may reject any price change and direct in writing that the item in question be removed from the Contractor's Ordering Catalog, without Government liability. The Contracting Officer may subsequently remove any such item from the Ordering Catalog if the Contractor fails to remove it. The Government has the right to procure such removed items from any alternate source of supply, and the failure of the Contractor to supply such item will be considered a negative instance of performance.

- (vii) In the event of a price change not posting or an Ordering Catalog Contract Unit Price not computed in accordance with this clause, resulting in an incorrectly increased or decreased Contract Unit Price, the Prime Vendor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer in writing and promptly thereafter correct its Ordering Catalog and submit a refund for any amounts paid to the Contractor resulting from the erroneous price. In the event of an erroneous price decrease in the Ordering Catalog, if the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Contracting Officer that the error did not result from the fault or negligence of the Contractor, the Contractor may submit a request for equitable adjustment for consideration by the Contracting Officer.
- (2) Limitations: All adjustments under this clause shall be limited to the effect on Contract Unit Prices of actual increases or decreases in the Product Prices for material. There shall be no upward adjustment for --
- (i) Supplies for which the Product Price is not affected by such changes;
- (ii) Changes in the quantities of material; and
- (iii) Increases in unit prices that the Contracting Officer determines are computed incorrectly (i.e. not adhering to the Contract Unit Price definition in this clause) and/or increases in unit prices that the Contracting Officer determines are not fair and reasonable.
- (cdc) **UPWARD CEILING ON ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENT**: The aggregate of contract product price increases for each item under this clause during the contract period inclusive of any option period(s) or tiered pricing period(s) shall not exceed <u>70%</u> (<u>90%</u> for Fresh Fruits and Vegetables (FF&V)) of the initial Contract product price, except as provided below:

(1) If at any time the Contractor has reason to believe that within the near future a price adjustment under the provisions of this clause will be required that will exceed the current contract ceiling price for any item, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Contracting Officer in writing of the expected increase. In the event the latest actual market price for an item would result in a contract unit price that will exceed the allowable ceiling price under the contract, then the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer in writing or via its EDI 832 price change request and separate email no later than the time specified in paragraph (c)(1)(iii) above. With either such notification the Contractor shall include a revised ceiling the Contractor believes is sufficient to permit completion of remaining contract performance, along with appropriate explanation and documentation as required by the Contracting Officer.

(2) If an actual increase in the reference price would raise a contract unit price for an item above the current ceiling, the Contractor shall have no obligation under this contract to fill future orders for such items, as of the effective date of the increase, unless the Contracting Officer issues a contract modification to raise the ceiling. If the contract ceiling will not be raised, the Contracting Officer shall so promptly notify the Contractor in writing. After evaluation of a requested actual price increase, if the Contracting Officer authorizes the change in the contract unit price, the Contractor shall submit an EDI 832 price change. The price change shall be posted for the following month's ordering catalog.

#### (e) DOWNWARD LIMITATION ON ECONOMIC PRICE ADJUSTMENTS:

There is no downward limitation on the aggregated percentage of decreases that may be made under this clause.

- (f) **EXAMINATION OF RECORD**: The Contracting Officer or designated representative shall have the right to examine the Contractor's books, records, documents and other data, to include commercial sales data, the Contracting Officer deems necessary to verify Contractor adherence to the provisions of this clause. Such examination may occur during all reasonable times until the end of 3 years after the date of final payment under this contract or the time periods specified in Subpart 4.7 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), whichever is earlier.
- (g) **FINAL INVOICE**: The Contractor shall include a statement on the final invoice that the amounts invoiced hereunder have applied all decreases required or authorized by this clause.
- (h) **DISPUTES**: Any dispute arising under this clause shall be determined in accordance with the "Disputes" clause of the contract.

7. On pages 46-53, delete and replace FAR 52.212-5 as follows:

# FAR 52.212-5 - Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Items (AUG 2011).

- (a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:
  - (1) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Feb 2009) (<u>22 U.S.C.</u> <u>7104(g)</u>).
  - \_\_\_\_Alternate I (Aug 2007) of <u>52.222-50</u> (<u>22 U.S.C. 7104(g)</u>).
  - (2) <u>52.233-3</u>, Protest After Award (Aug 1996) (<u>31 U.S.C. 3553</u>).
  - (3) <u>52.233-4</u>, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (OCT 2004) (Pub. L. 108-77, 108-78).
- (b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

- X (1) 52.203-6, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (Sept 2006), with Alternate I (Oct 1995) (41 U.S.C. 253g and 10 U.S.C. 2402).
- <u>X</u> (2) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Apr 2010) (Pub. L. 110-252, Title VI, Chapter 1 (<u>41 U.S.C. 251 note</u>)).
- \_\_ (3) <u>52.203-15</u>, Whistleblower Protections under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (June 2010) (Section 1553 of Pub. L. 111-5). (Applies to contracts funded by the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.)
- X (4) <u>52.204-10</u>, Reporting Executive Compensation and First-Tier Subcontract Awards (Jul 2010) (Pub. L. 109-282) (<u>31 U.S.C. 6101 note</u>).
- \_\_(5) <u>52.204-11</u>, American Recovery and Reinvestment Act—Reporting Requirements (Jul 2010) (Pub. L. 111-5).
- \_X\_ (6) <u>52.209-6</u>, Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment. (Dec 2010) (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

\_\_ (7) <u>52.209-10</u>, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (section 740 of Division C of Pub. L. 111-117, section 743 of Division D of Pub. L. 111-8, and section 745 of Division D of Pub. L. 110-161). \_\_ (8) 52.219-3, Notice of Total HUBZone Set-Aside or Sole-Source Award (Jan 2011) (15 U.S.C. 657a). X (9) 52.219-4, Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (JAN 2011) (if the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so indicate in its offer) (15 U.S.C. 657a). (10) [Reserved] \_\_ (11)(i) 52.219-6, Notice of Total Small Business Set-Aside (June 2003) (15 U.S.C. 644). \_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Oct 1995) of 52.219-6. \_\_ (iii) Alternate II (Mar 2004) of 52.219-6. \_\_ (12)(i) 52.219-7, Notice of Partial Small Business Set-Aside (June 2003) (15 U.S.C. 644). \_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Oct 1995) of 52.219-7. \_\_ (iii) Alternate II (Mar 2004) of 52.219-7. X (13) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Jan 2011) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)). X (14)(i) 52.219-9, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Jan 2011) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)). (ii) Alternate I (Oct 2001) of 52.219-9. X (iii) Alternate II (Oct 2001) of 52.219-9. (iv) Alternate III (Jul 2010) of 52.219-9. \_\_ (15) 52.219-14, Limitations on Subcontracting (Dec 1996) (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(14)). \_X\_ (16) 52.219-16, Liquidated Damages—Subcontracting Plan (Jan 1999) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)).\_\_ (17)(i) 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns (OCT 2008) (10 U.S.C. 2323) (if the offeror elects to waive the adjustment, it shall so indicate in its offer). \_\_ (ii) Alternate I (June 2003) of 52.219-23. X (18) 52.219-25, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program— Disadvantaged Status and Reporting (Dec 2010) (Pub. L. 103-355, section 7102, and 10 U.S.C. 2323).

\_\_(19) <u>52.219-26</u>, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program— Incentive Subcontracting (Oct 2000) (Pub. L. 103-355, section 7102, and 10 U.S.C. 2323). (20) 52.219-27, Notice of Total Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Set-Aside (May 2004) (15 U.S.C. 657 f). (21) <u>52.219-28</u>, Post Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation (Apr 2009) (15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)). \_\_ (22) <u>52.219-29</u> Notice of Total Set-Aside for Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business (EDWOSB) Concerns (Apr 2011). \_\_ (23) 52.219-30 Notice of Total Set-Aside for Women-Owned Small Business (WOSB) Concerns Eligible Under the WOSB Program (Apr 2011). \_\_ (24) 52.222-3, Convict Labor (June 2003) (E.O. 11755). (25) 52.222-19, Child Labor—Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (Jul 2010) (E.O. 13126). (26) <u>52.222-21</u>, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Feb 1999). \_\_ (27) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Mar 2007) (E.O. 11246). \_\_ (28) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Sep 2010)(38 U.S.C. 4212). (29) 52.222-36, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (Oct 2010) (29 U.S.C. 793). (30) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (SEP 2010) (38 U.S.C. 4212). (31) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). (32) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (JAN 2009). (Executive Order 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available offthe-shelf items or certain other types of commercial items as prescribed in 22.1803.) \_\_(33)(i) <u>52.223-9</u>, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (May 2008) (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.) (ii) Alternate I (May 2008) of 52.223-9 (42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.) \_\_ (34) <u>52.223-15</u>, Energy Efficiency in Energy-Consuming Products (DEC 2007) (42 U.S.C. 8259b). \_\_ (35)(i) 52.223-16, IEEE 1680 Standard for the Environmental Assessment of Personal Computer Products (DEC 2007) (E.O. 13423). \_\_ (ii) Alternate I (DEC 2007) of 52.223-16.

\_X\_ (36) 52.223-18, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging While Driving (Aug 2011) (E.O. 13513). \_\_ (37) 52.225-1, Buy American Act—Supplies (Feb 2009) (41 U.S.C. 10a-10d). \_\_ (38)(i) 52.225-3, Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act (June 2009) (41 U.S.C. 10a-10d, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note, 19 U.S.C. 2112 note, 19 U.S.C. 3805 note, Pub. L. 108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, and 110-138). \_\_ (ii) Alternate I (Jan 2004) of 52.225-3. (iii) Alternate II (Jan 2004) of 52.225-3. (39) 52.225-5, Trade Agreements (Aug 2009) (19 U.S.C. 2501, et seq., 19 U.S.C. 3301 note). X (40) 52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (June 2008) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury). \_\_ (41) <u>52.226-4</u>, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150). \_\_ (42) <u>52.226-5</u>, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150). (43) 52.232-29, Terms for Financing of Purchases of Commercial Items (Feb 2002) (41 U.S.C. 255(f), 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)). (44) <u>52.232-30</u>, Installment Payments for Commercial Items (Oct 1995) (41 U.S.C. 255(f), 10 U.S.C. 2307(f)). X (45) 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Central Contractor Registration (Oct 2003) (31 U.S.C. 3332). \_\_ (46) 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer—Other than Central Contractor Registration (May 1999) (31 U.S.C. 3332). \_\_ (47) 52.232-36, Payment by Third Party (Feb 2010) (31 U.S.C. 3332). (48) 52.239-1, Privacy or Security Safeguards (Aug 1996) (5 U.S.C. 552a). \_\_(49)(i) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). (ii) Alternate I (Apr 2003) of 52.247-64.

(c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

- (1) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Act of 1965 (Nov 2007) (<u>41 U.S.C. 351</u>, *et seq.*).
- \_\_ (2) <u>52.222-42</u>, Statement of Equivalent Rates for Federal Hires (May 1989) (29 U.S.C. 206 and <u>41 U.S.C. 351</u>, *et seq.*).
- \_\_\_(3) <u>52.222-43</u>, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Act—Price Adjustment (Multiple Year and Option Contracts) (Sep 2009) (<u>29 U.S.C. 206</u> and <u>41 U.S.C. 351</u>, *et seq.*).
- \_\_ (4) <u>52.222-44</u>, Fair Labor Standards Act and Service Contract Act—Price Adjustment (Sep 2009) (<u>29 U.S.C. 206</u> and <u>41 U.S.C. 351</u>, *et seq.*).
- \_\_(5) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment—Requirements (Nov 2007) (<u>41 351</u>, *et seq.*).
- \_\_(6) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for Certain Services—Requirements (Feb 2009) (<u>41 U.S.C. 351</u>, *et seq.*).
- \_\_ (7) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Mar 2009) (Pub. L. 110-247).
- \_\_ (8) <u>52.237-11</u>, Accepting and Dispensing of \$1 Coin (Sept 2008) (<u>31 U.S.C.</u> <u>5112(p)(1)</u>).
- (d) *Comptroller General Examination of Record*. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, and does not contain the clause at <u>52.215-2</u>, Audit and Records—Negotiation.
- (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.

(2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR <a href="Subpart 4.7">Subpart 4.7</a>, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

- (3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.
- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause—
- (i) <u>52.203-13</u>, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Apr 2010) (Pub. L. 110-252, Title VI, Chapter 1 (<u>41 U.S.C. 251 note</u>)).
- (ii) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Dec 2010)
   (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$650,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
- (iii) [Reserved]
- (iv) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (Mar 2007) (E.O. 11246).
- (v) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (Sep 2010) (<u>38 U.S.C. 4212</u>).
- (vi) <u>52.222-36</u>, Affirmative Action for Workers with Disabilities (Oct 2010) (<u>29 U.S.C. 793</u>).
- (vii) <u>52.222-40</u>, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause <u>52.222-40</u>.

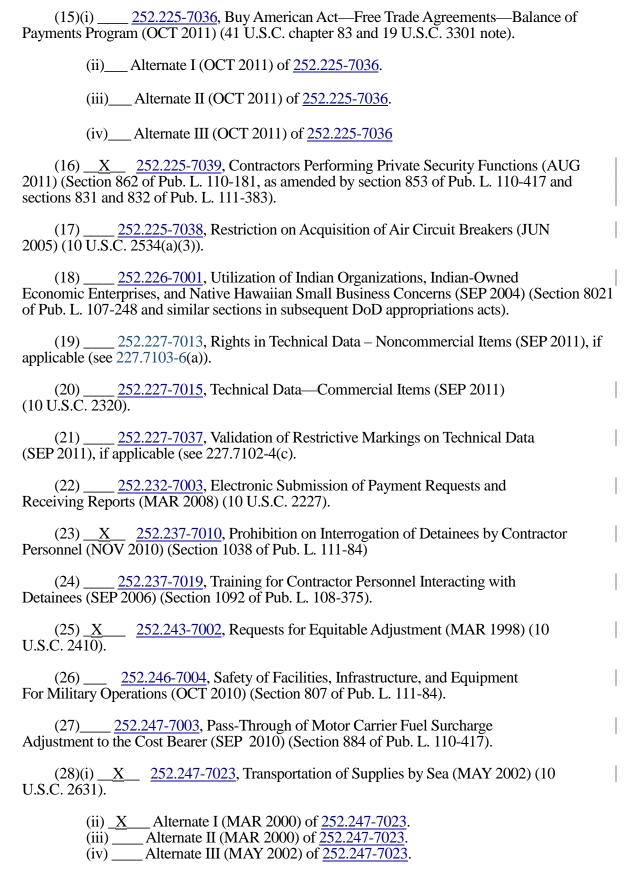
- (viii) <u>52.222-41</u>, Service Contract Act of 1965 (Nov 2007) (<u>41 U.S.C. 351</u>, et seq.).
- (ix) <u>52.222-50</u>, Combating Trafficking in Persons (Feb 2009) (<u>22 U.S.C. 7104(g)</u>). \_\_\_Alternate I (Aug 2007) of <u>52.222-50</u> (<u>22 U.S.C. 7104(g)</u>).
- (x) <u>52.222-51</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (Nov 2007) (41 U.S.C. 351, et seq.).
- (xi) <u>52.222-53</u>, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Act to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (Feb 2009) (<u>41 U.S.C. 351</u>, *et seq.*).
- (xii) <u>52.222-54</u>, Employment Eligibility Verification (JAN 2009).
- (xiii) <u>52.226-6</u>, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (Mar 2009) (Pub. L. 110-247). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause <u>52.226-6</u>.
- (xiv) <u>52.247-64</u>, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (<u>46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b)</u> and <u>10 U.S.C. 2631</u>). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause <u>52.247-64</u>.
- (2) While not required, the contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.
- 8. On pages 54-55, delete and replace DFARS 252.212-7001 as follows:

# 252.212-7001 Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders Applicable to Defense Acquisitions of Commercial Items (OCT 2011)

- (a) The Contractor agrees to comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clause which, if checked, is included in this contract by reference to implement a provision of law applicable to acquisitions of commercial items or components.
- \_\_X\_\_ 52.203-3, Gratuities (APR 1984) (10 U.S.C. 2207).
- (b) The Contractor agrees to comply with any clause that is checked on the following list of Defense FAR Supplement clauses which, if checked, is included in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items or components.

(1) X 252.203-7000, Requirements Relating to Compensation of Former DoD Officials (JAN 2009) (Section 847 of Pub. L. 110-181).

- (2) X 252.203-7003, Agency Office of the Inspector General (SEP 2010) (Section 6101 of Pub. L. 110-252, 41 U.S.C. 3509).
  - (3) X 252.205-7000, Provision of Information to Cooperative Agreement Holders (DEC 1991) (10 U.S.C. 2416).
  - (4) <u>252.219-7003</u>, Small Business Subcontracting Plan (DoD Contracts) (OCT 2010) (15 U.S.C. 637).
  - (5)  $\underline{X}$   $\underline{252.219-7004}$ , Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Test Program) (JAN 2011) (15 U.S.C. 637 note).
- (6)(i) \_\_\_\_\_ <u>252.225-7001</u>, Buy American Act and Balance of Payments Program (OCT 2011) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83, E.O. 10582).
  - (ii) \_\_\_\_Alternate I (OCT 2011) of <u>252.225-7001</u>.
  - (7) <u>252.225-7008</u>, Restriction on Acquisition of Specialty Metals (JUL 2009) (10 U.S.C. 2533b).
  - (8) <u>252.225-7009</u>, Restriction on Acquisition of Certain Articles Containing Specialty Metals (JAN 2011) (10 U.S.C. 2533b).
  - (9) X 252.225-7012, Preference for Certain Domestic Commodities (JUN 2010) (10 U.S.C. 2533a).
  - (10) <u>252.225-7015</u>, Restriction on Acquisition of Hand or Measuring Tools (JUN 2005) (10 U.S.C. 2533a).
- (11) \_\_\_\_\_ <u>252.225-7016</u>, Restriction on Acquisition of Ball and Roller Bearings (JUN 2011) (Section 8065 of Pub. L. 107-117 and the same restriction in subsequent DoD appropriations acts).
- (12)(i) X 252.225-7021, Trade Agreements (OCT 2011) (19 U.S.C. 2501-2518 and 19 U.S.C. 3301 note).
  - (ii) Alternate I (OCT 2011) of 252.225-7021.
  - (iii) Alternate II (OCT 2011) of 252.225-7021.
- (13) <u>252.225-7027</u>, Restriction on Contingent Fees for Foreign Military Sales (APR 2003) (22 U.S.C. 2779).
- (14) <u>252.225-7028</u>, Exclusionary Policies and Practices of Foreign Governments (APR 2003) (22 U.S.C. 2755).



(29) <u>252.247-7024</u>, Notification of Transportation of Supplies by Sea (MAR 2000) (10 U.S.C. 2631).

- (30) \_\_\_\_ 252.247-7027, Riding Gang Member Requirements (OCT 2011) (Section 3504 of Pub. L. 110-417).
- (c) In addition to the clauses listed in paragraph (e) of the Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Items clause of this contract (FAR 52.212-5), the Contractor shall include the terms of the following clauses, if applicable, in subcontracts for commercial items or commercial components, awarded at any tier under this contract:
- (1) <u>252.225-7039</u>, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions (AUG 2011) (Section 862 of Pub. L. 110-181, as amended by section 853 of Pub. L. 110-417 and sections 831 and 832 of Pub. L. 111-383).
- (2) 252.227-7013, Rights in Technical Data –Noncommercial Items (SEP 2011), if applicable (see 227.7103-6(a)).
- (3) 252.227-7015, Technical Data Commercial Items (SEP 2011), if applicable (see 227.7102-4(a)).
- (4) 252.227-7037, Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data (SEP 2011), if applicable (see 227.7102-4(c)).
- (5) <u>252.237-7010</u>, Prohibition on Interrogation of Detainees by Contractor Personnel (NOV 2010) (Section 1038 of Pub. L. 111-84).
- (6) <u>252.237-7019</u>, Training for Contractor Personnel Interacting with Detainees (SEP 2006) (Section 1092 of Pub. L. 108-375).
- (7) <u>252.247-7003</u>, Pass-Through of Motor Carrier Fuel Surcharge Adjustment to the Cost Bearer (SEP 2010) (Section 884 of Pub. L. 110-417).
- (8) <u>252.247-7023</u>, Transportation of Supplies by Sea (MAY 2002) (10 U.S.C 2631).
- (9) <u>252.247-7024</u>, Notification of Transportation of Supplies by Sea (MAR 2000) (10 U.S.C. 2631).
- 9. On page 74, E. Food Defense, paragraph 4, delete and replace the second sentence as follows:

The awardee will also describe what steps have been or will be taken that relate to overall plant security and food safety for each one of their individual warehouse facilities located in CONUS and OCONUS.

10. On page 138, Zone 2: United Arab Emirates, Oman, Djibouti, Kenya, add the following customer to the list:

Customer Name
Navy, CTF-53

Port or Area Mombasa, Kenya

11. On page 164, paragraph "e. Inspection and Sanitation Procedures," delete the number "2" from the second paragraph and leave the content as the second paragraph under paragraph number 1. Then, re-number paragraph 3 from 3 to 2.

- 12. On page 165, paragraph "g. 1.," delete and replace the first sentence as follows:
  - Offeror will discuss their quality control procedures as it relates to ensuring that product entering, holding at and departing for each of their warehouse facilities both in CONUS and OCONUS are safe for customer consumption.
- 13. On page 165, paragraph "g.3.," delete and replace the first sentence as follows:
  - Offeror will discuss the lighting, security camera conditions, fencing and locking devices at each of their facilities both in CONUS and OCONUS.
- 14. At the top of page 175, delete and replace section "(vii)" as follows (note: this section was added via amendment 0002):
  - (vii) Factor VII. Civil Reserve Air Fleet (CRAF) / Voluntary Intermodal Sealift Agreement (VISA)

The offeror must provide the following:

- A. Offerors will specify the percentage of shipments that will be made during contract performance using carriers that participate in one of the readiness programs (e.g. Civil Reserve Air Fleet (CRAF) or Voluntary Intermodal Sealift Agreement (VISA)). Offerors must also describe the efforts their company will make to ensure that the percentage of shipments they are proposing will be met during contract performance.
- B. Offerors will provide progress reports on these efforts to the Contracting Officer as part of their monthly metrics reporting. They will provide the name and title of the individual principally responsible for ensuring their company's support of such entities.
- 15. On page 179, paragraph "E," in the examples at the bottom of the page, delete the parenthetical statements (normal category) and (premium category).

### 16. On page 180, revise the paragraph heading as follows:

From	То		
Normal Category Distribution Price:	Category Distribution Price: (Note:		
(Note: the percent specified shall	the percent specified shall apply to all		
apply to all normal categories per	normal and premium distribution		
option period)	categories per option period)		

#### 17. On page 180, delete the following:

18. On page 182, paragraph 1 (a), delete and replace the second paragraph as follows:

When combined, technical factors I thru VII are more important than price. However, as proposals become more equal in their technical merit, the evaluated price becomes more important. Technical Factors I and II are of equal importance and are more important than the remaining technical factors. Technical Factor III is more important than Technical Factors IV, V, VI, and VII. Technical Factors IV, V, VI, and VII are factors which are of equal importance to each other and will be ranked on a comparative basis among offerors. The sub-factors listed under Factor I are of equal importance to each other; within sub-factor E (for Factor I) element1 (E1-Inspection Procedures) is of equal importance to element 2 (E2-Sanitation Procedures). For Factor II, sub-factors A and B are of equal importance to each other; however, sub-factors A and B are more important than factors C and D. Within sub-factor A (for Factor II), element 1 (Size and Complexity) is of greater importance than element 2 (Key Personnel). The sub-factors listed under Factor III are of equal importance to each other; within sub-factor A (for Factor III) element 1(A1 – Customer Service Approach) is of equal importance to element 2 (A2 – Customer Service Approach).

#### 19. On page 184, delete and replace paragraph "E" as follows:

#### E. Inspection and Sanitation Procedures

Element 1 – Inspection Procedures – The Government will evaluate the offeror's inspection program, warehouse temperature, and humidity controls. Sophisticated levels of automation, detailed and systemic programs will generally be rated more favorably.

Element 2 – Sanitation Procedures – The Government will evaluate the offeror's sanitary control procedures and stored products pest management program. Sophisticated levels of automation, detailed and systemic programs will generally be rated more favorably.

20. On page 185, Factor II – Experience/Past Performance, delete and replace the second paragraph as follows:

The Government will perform an integrated assessment of the offeror's individual house experience and past performance. This assessment will also be performed for any partner(s) or joint venture(s) that will perform in support of the proposed contract including proportional allocation of performance duties (i.e., when each of these entities acted alone or as members of other teams/joint ventures). However, the most relevant experience and past performance data, and that which will receive the most credit, is the information directly related to the offering entity.

21. On page 186, paragraph C. Socioeconomic Considerations Past Performance, delete and replace the first sentence as follows:

If an offeror has performed on Government contracts that are subject to prior socioeconomic goals (including any such contracts that are within the offeror's top selected contracts and any other Government contracts), they will be evaluated on their adherence to the requirements of these various socioeconomic considerations of past and current contracts.

- 22. On page 186, paragraph D, revise the title as follows:
  - D. Ability One (formerly JWOD) Support Past Performance
- 23. On page 186, delete and replace Factor III as follows:

Factor III – Customer Support/Product Availability

Element A1 – Customer Service Approach – The offeror's customer service program and strategy to include benchmarks, value added services, compliant resolutions, number of visits, performance incentives and authority levels will be evaluated to determine its commitment to customer satisfaction. Offerors that provide high levels of customer service will generally be rated more favorably.

Element A2 – Customer Service Approach – The offeror's system used to track deliveries and accuracy of orders, manage order deviations and cancellations will be evaluated. Offerors that provide high levels of customer service will generally be rated more favorably.

24. On page 187, delete and replace Factor IV as follows:

Factor IV. Socioeconomic Considerations

Socioeconomic goals will be evaluated on a comparative basis among all offerors. The offeror that proposes a higher percentage, complexity level, and variety of participation by SB, SDB, VOSB, SVOSB, WOSB, and HZSB concerns will receive a higher ranking on this factor.

25. On page 188, delete and replace Factor VII as follows (note: this paragraph was added via amendment 0002):

Factor VII. Civil Reserve Air Fleet (CRAF) / Voluntary Intermodal Sealift Agreement (VISA)

Use of carriers that participate in the readiness programs, including Civil Reserve Air Fleet (CRAF) or Voluntary Intermodal Sealift Agreement (VISA), will be evaluated on a comparative basis among all offerors. The offeror that proposes a higher percentage of utilization of carriers participating in these readiness programs will receive a higher ranking on this factor.

26. On page 188, delete and replace the price evaluation process section as follows:

**Price Evaluation Process** 

The Government will evaluate limited pricing data with the initial proposals and during discussions, in accordance with FAR 15.4, "Contract Pricing." The Government will evaluate the offeror's pricing on selected items listed in the Schedule of Items. Included in this process is the evaluation of options. The following business proposal/pricing factors will be used.

27. On page 188, delete and replace FACTOR I as follows:

FACTOR I. Aggregate Distribution Price

Factor I, Aggregate Distribution Price, is obtained by multiplying each distribution price by its estimated quantity, and totaling the results for all distribution prices (normal and premium) for items in the selected Market Basket, for the base and option year periods.

28. On page 188, delete and replace FACTOR II as follows:

### FACTOR II. Weighted Aggregate Product Price

Factor II, Weighted Aggregate Product Pricing is obtained by multiplying each product price for items in the selected Market Basket for the base and option periods by its respective estimated quantity and totaling the results, and then multiplying the resulting number by 0.30, for evaluation purposes only.

29. On page 189, Total Evaluated Price, first paragraph, delete and replace the fifth sentence as follows:

This evaluated price will be used to determine the lowest overall cost to the Government, and will be used for evaluation purposes only, meaning that the evaluated price of an item may not be the same as the price the item would be cataloged after award.

30. On page 189, Total Evaluated Price, first paragraph, delete and replace the last sentence which begins "Quotes and/or invoices will......" as follows:

For this acquisition, a 75% Market Basket was established, and will be used in the evaluation process. Offerors are required to submit 100% of invoices for the items included within the Schedule of Items. Only those items included within the 75% Market Basket will be reviewed for all offerors as part of evaluation for award; however, the remaining invoices that are not part of the market basket for the awardee will be reviewed for authenticity, accuracy, and price reasonableness prior to inclusion of these items in the catalog.

31. On pages 191-209, delete and replace FAR 52.212-3 as follows:

### FAR 52.212-3 - Offeror Representations and Certifications -- Commercial Items (MAY 2011).

An offeror shall complete only paragraphs (b) of this provision if the offeror has completed the annual representations and certificates electronically at <a href="http://orca.bpn.gov">http://orca.bpn.gov</a>. If an offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically at the ORCA website, the offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (o) of this provision.

(a) *Definitions*. As used in this provision--

"Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern" means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with 13 CFR part 127. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.

"Forced or indentured child labor" means all work or service—

- (1) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or
- (2) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

"Inverted domestic corporation," as used in this section, means a foreign incorporated entity which is treated as an inverted domestic corporation under 6 U.S.C. 395(b), *i.e.*, a corporation that used to be incorporated in the United States, or used to be a partnership in the United States, but now is incorporated in a foreign country, or is a subsidiary whose parent corporation is incorporated in a foreign country, that meets the criteria specified in 6 U.S.C. 395(b), applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c). An inverted domestic corporation as herein defined does not meet the definition of an inverted domestic corporation as defined by the Internal Revenue Coe at 26 U.S.C. 7874.

"Manufactured end product" means any end product in Federal Supply Classes (FSC) 1000-9999, except—

- (1) FSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;
- (2) Federal Supply Group (FSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;
- (3) FSG 88, Live Animals;
- (4) FSG 89, Food and Related Consumables;
- (5) FSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;
- (6) FSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible;
- (7) FSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;
- (8) FSC 9610, Ores;
- (9) FSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and
- (10) FSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.

"Place of manufacture" means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.

"Restricted business operations" means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—

- (1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan:
- (2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;
- (3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;
- (4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;
- (5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or

(6) Have been voluntarily suspended.

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"—

- (1) Means a small business concern—
  - (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
  - (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

"Small business concern" means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.

"Subsidiary" means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—

- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.

"Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern—

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans(as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned business concern" means a concern which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

"Women-owned small business concern" means a small business concern --

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women

"Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program (in accordance with 13 CFR part 127)," means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States.

(b)

- (1) Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications posted on the Online Representations and Certifications Application (ORCA) website.
- (2) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically via the ORCA website at http://orca.bpn.gov .After reviewing the ORCA database information, the offeror verifies by submission of this offer that the representation and certifications currently posted electronically at FAR 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Items, have been entered or updated in the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard applicable to the NAICS code referenced for this solicitation), as of the date of this offer and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR 4.1201), except for paragraphs . [Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (o) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any. These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer. Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted on ORCA.
- (c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract is to be performed in the United States or its outlying areas. Check all that apply.
  - (1) *Small business concern*. The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [\_] is, [\_] is not a small business concern.
  - (2) Veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [\_] is, [\_] is not a veteran-owned small business concern.
  - (3) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [\_] is, [\_] is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.
  - (4) Small disadvantaged business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, for general statistical purposes, that it [\_] is, [\_] is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002.
  - (5) Women-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it [ ] is, [ ] is not a women-owned small business concern.

**Note:** Complete paragraphs (c)(8) and (c)(9) only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.

(6) WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a women-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(5) of this provision.] The offeror prepresents that— (i) It [ ] is, [ ] is not a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and (ii) It [ ] is, [ ] is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(6)(i) of this provision is accurate in reference to the WOSB concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name or names of the WOSB concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture: Each WOSB concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the WOSB representation. (7) Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a WOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program in (c)(6) of this provision.] The offeror represents that— (i) It [ ] is, [ ] is not an EDWOSB concern eligible under the WOSB Program, has provided all the required documents to the WOSB Repository, and no change in circumstances or adverse decisions have been issued that affects its eligibility; and (ii) It [ ] is, [ ] is not a joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 127, and the representation in paragraph (c)(7)(i) of this provision is accurate in reference to the EDWOSB concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture. The offeror shall enter the name or names of the EDWOSB concern or concerns that are participating in the joint venture: . Each EDWOSB concern participating in the joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the EDWOSB representation. (8) Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.]. The offeror represents that it [ ] is, a women-owned business concern. (9) Tie bid priority for labor surplus area concerns. If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price: (10) [Complete only if the solicitation contains the clause at FAR 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns, or FAR 52.219-25, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program—Disadvantaged Status and Reporting, and the offeror desires a benefit based on its disadvantaged

status.]

(i) General. The offeror represents that either— (A) It [ ] is, [ ] is not certified by the Small Business Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern and identified, on the date of this representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the CCR Dynamic Small Business Search database maintained by the Small Business Administration, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification, and, where the concern is owned by one or more individuals claiming disadvantaged status, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); or (B) It [ ] has, [ ] has not submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was submitted. (ii) Joint Ventures under the Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a joint venture that complies with the requirements in 13 CFR 124.1002(f) and that the representation in paragraph (c)(10)(i) of this provision is accurate for the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the name of the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture: (11) HUBZone small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that--(i) It [\_] is, [\_] is not a HUBZone small business concern listed, on the date of this representation, on the List of Qualified HUBZone Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business Administration, and no material changes in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone employee percentage have occurred since it was certified in accordance with 13 CFR part 126; and (ii) It [ ] is, [ ] is not a HUBZone joint venture that complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 126, and the representation in paragraph (c)(11)(i) of this provision is accurate for each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the names of each of the HUBZone small business concerns participating in the HUBZone joint venture: \_\_\_\_\_\_.] Each HUBZone small business concern participating in the HUBZone joint venture shall submit a separate signed copy of the

HUBZone representation.

- (d) Representations required to implement provisions of Executive Order 11246 --
- (1) Previous contracts and compliance. The offeror represents that --
- (i) It [\_] has, [\_] has not, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal Opportunity clause of this solicitation; and
- (ii) It [\_] has, [\_] has not, filed all required compliance reports.
- (2) Affirmative Action Compliance. The offeror represents that --
- (i) It [\_] has developed and has on file, [\_] has not developed and does not have on file, at each establishment, affirmative action programs required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor (41 CFR parts 60-1 and 60-2), or
- (ii) It [\_] has not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirement of the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.
- (e) Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (31 U.S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$150,000.) By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.
- (f) Buy American Act Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.225-1, Buy American Act Supplies, is included in this solicitation.)
- (1) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The offeror shall list as foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, *i.e.*, an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (2) of the definition of "domestic end product." The terms "commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "component," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," and "United States" are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American Act—Supplies."

(2) Foreign End Products:

LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

[List as necessary]

(3) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25.

(g)

- (1) Buy American Act -- Free Trade Agreements -- Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-3, Buy American Act -- Free Trade Agreements -- Israeli Trade Act, is included in this solicitation.)
- (i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or (g)(1)(iii) of this provision, is a domestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the offeror has considered components of unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or manufactured outside the United States. The terms "Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, or Peruvian end product," "commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "component," "domestic end product," "end product," "foreign end product," "Free Trade Agreement country," "Free Trade Agreement country end product," "Israeli end product," and 'United States' are defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American Act--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act."
- (ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Free Trade Agreement country end products (other than Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act":

Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bahrainian or Moroccan End Products) or Israeli End Products:

LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

[List as necessary]

(iii) The offeror shall list those supplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or this provision) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act." The offeror shall list as other foreign end products those end products manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic end products, *i.e.*, an end product that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in paragraph (2) of the definition of "domestic end product." Other Foreign End Products:

LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

[List as necessary]

- (iv) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25.
- (2) Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate I. If Alternate I to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:
- (g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act":

Canadian End Products:

Line Item No.:	
[List as necessary]	

- (3) Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate II. If Alternate II to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:
- (g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy American Act--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act":

Canadian or Israeli End Products:

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:

[List as necessary]

(4) *Trade Agreements Certificate*. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-5, Trade Agreements, is included in this solicitation.)

- (i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(4)(ii) of this provision, is a U.S.-made or designated country end product as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Trade Agreements."
- (ii) The offeror shall list as other end products those end products that are not U.S.-made or designated country end products.

## Other End Products

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:	

## [List as necessary]

- (iii) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25. For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American Act. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for such products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of the solicitation.
- (h) Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689). (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals--(1) [\_] Are, [\_] are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
- (2) [\_] Have, [\_] have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property; and
- (3) [\_] Are, [\_] are not presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a Government entity with, commission of any of these offenses enumerated in paragraph (h)(2) of this clause; and
- (4) [\_] Have, [\_] have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,000 for which the liability remains unsatisfied.

- (i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:
- (A) *The tax liability is finally determined*. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.
- (B) *The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment*. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.
- (ii) Examples.
- (A) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appear rights.
- (B) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals Contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.
- (D) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).
- (i) Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting Officer must list in paragraph (i)(1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded at 22.1503(b).]
- (1) Listed End Product

Listed End Product:	Listed Countries of Origin:

(2) Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (i)(2)(i) or (i)(2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]

> (i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. [ ] (ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that is has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor. (i) Place of manufacture. (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly— (1) [ ] In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or (2) [ ] Outside the United States. (k) Certificates regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Act. (Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services.) [The contracting officer is to check a box to indicate if paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2)applies.1 (1) [\_] Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR 22.1003-4(c)(1). The offeror [ ] does [ ] does not certify that— (i) The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations; (ii) The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(c)(2)(ii)) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and work under the contract will be the same as that used for these employees and equivalent

- (iii) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.
- (2) [\_] Certain services as described in FAR 22.1003-4(d)(1). The offeror [\_] does [\_] does not certify that—
- (i) The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations;
- (ii) The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(d)(2)(iii));

(iii) Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and (iv) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.

- (3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies—
- (i) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Act wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and
- (ii) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k)(3)(i) of this clause.
- (1) Taxpayer identification number (TIN) (26 U.S.C. 6109, 31 U.S.C. 7701). (Not applicable if the offeror is required to provide this information to a central contractor registration database to be eligible for award.)
- (1) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (l)(3) through (l)(5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
- (2) The TIN may be used by the government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.]

3) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN).
_] TIN:
_] TIN has been applied for.
_] TIN is not required because:
_] Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not
have income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United
States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United
States:

[_] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;
[_] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government;
(4) Type of organization.
[_] Sole proprietorship;
[_] Partnership;
[_] Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
[_] Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
[_] Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
[_] Foreign government;
[_] International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;
[_] Other
(5) Common parent.
[_] Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent:
[_] Name and TIN of common parent:
Name
TIN
(m) Restricted business operations in Sudan. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies
that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.
(n) Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations—
(1) Relation to Internal Revenue Code. An inverted domestic corporation as herein defined

- Revenue Code 25 U.S.C. 7874. (2) *Representation*. By submission of its offer, the offeror represents that—
- (i) It is not an inverted domestic corporation; and
- (ii) It is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.
- (o) Sanctioned activities relating to Iran. (1) Unless a waiver is granted or an exception applies as provided in paragraph (o)(2) of this provision, by submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996.

does not meet the definition of an inverted domestic corporation as defined by the Internal

- (2) The certification requirement of paragraph (o)(1) of this provision does not apply if--
- (i) This solicitation includes a trade agreements certification (e.g., 52.212-3(g) or a comparable agency provision); and
- (ii) The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products.

## **Section II – Attachments 1-4 Revisions**

1. For zone 1, attachment 1, the demand quantities for GFM storage in categories 79-86 are corrected to read as follows:

				Estimated	Estimated
			Estimated	Quantity	Quantity
			Quantity	Demand for	Demand
Category			Demand	the Base	(18
Number	Category Description	UOM	(12 Month)	Period	Months)
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) for Prime Vendor Dist. Meals	Pallet			
79	Ready To Eat (MREs, Halalas and Kosher)	Spaces	480	840	720
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) for Prime Vendor Dist. Unitized	Pallet			
80	Group Ration Heat and Serve (UGR-H&S)	Spaces	12,000	21,000	18,000
	UGR-A Semi Perishable, 2 CS Per EA, (EA=Module and there is 2 cases	Pallet			
81	per module)	Spaces	2,400	4,200	3,600
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) for Prime Vendor Dist. (Includes				
	Product Procured to fill NIS Situations. Approved at the Contracting	Pallet			
82	Officer's discretion)	Spaces	2,400	4,200	3,600
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) for Prime Vendor Dist. UGR-A	Pallet			
83	Perishable A Group Rations	Spaces	2,400	4,200	3,600
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) Unitized Group Ration Express	Pallet			
84	(UGR-E)	Spaces	12,000	21,000	18,000
		Pallet			
85	GFM - Health and Comfort Packs	Spaces	2,400	4,200	3,600
86	GFM- OTHER	CS	2,400	4,200	3,600

2. For zone 1, attachment 1, the following titles are revised as follows:

Cell Location	From	То
A127	Option 1 (18 Month) Normal Dist. Fee % Increase/Decrease from Base to Option per 1	Option 1 (18 Month) Distribution Price % Increase/Decrease from Base to Option period 1
A128	Option 2 (18 Month) Normal Dist. Fee % Increase/Decrease from Option per 1 to per 2	Option 2 (18 Month) Distribution Price % Increase/Decrease from Option period 1 to 2

- 3. For zone 1, attachment 2, the formula for each item in column AC is revised from (the spreadsheet line item location number "P3" thru "P1008")\*(1+\$AO\$4) to (the spreadsheet line item location number "P3" thru "P1008")\*(1+\$AO\$3).
- 4. For zone 1, attachment 2, the formula for each item in column AH is revised from (the spreadsheet line item location number "P3" thru "P1008")\*1+\$AO\$5) to (the spreadsheet line item location number "P3" thru "P1008")\*1+\$AO\$4).

5. For zone 1, attachment 2, the Distribution Category Unit of Measure (UOM) Conversion Factor to Gov't Unit of Issue (UOI) in column "O" are corrected as follows:

A	С	D	0
Line item	Stock Number	Item Description	Distribution Category Unit of Measure
Number			(UOM) Conversion Factor to Gov't Unit of
			Issue (UOI)
		FRANKFURTERS, BEEF, FZN, 4/LB, 6 IN.	
69A	890501E950083	LG,2/5LB/CS, ARMOUR/BERKS/NATIONAL DELI	10
		FISH, TUNA,LIGHT, 43 OZ FLEXIBLE POUCH PG,	
87	890501E950082	6/CASE, STARKIST/CHIX/SEA	6
		MEATLOAF, BEEF, PRECKD, FZN, W/ ONION AND	
		PEPPER 4/5 LBLF (20 LB CS), STANDING	
97	890501E950033	ROCK/N'GENUITY	20

- 6. For zone 1, attachment 2, the title for column "V" has been revised from "EPA Increment" to "Product Price Exception 3(B)" in accordance with DLAD 52.216.9065, the Economic Price Adjustment clause.
- 7. For zone 2, attachment 3, the demand quantities for GFM storage in categories 79-86 are corrected to read as follows:

				Estimated	Estimated
			Estimated	Quantity	Ouantity
			Quantity	Demand for	Demand
Category			Demand	the Base	(18
Number	Category Description	UOM	(12 Month)	Period	Months)
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) for Prime Vendor Dist. Meals Ready	Pallet			
79	To Eat (MREs, Halalas and Kosher)	Spaces	75,600	132,300	113,400
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) for Prime Vendor Dist. Unitized	Pallet			
80	Group Ration Heat and Serve (UGR-H&S)	Spaces	18,000	31,500	27,000
	UGR-A Semi Perishable, 2 CS Per EA, (EA=Module and there is 2 cases per	Pallet			
81	module)	Spaces	2,400	4,200	3,600
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) for Prime Vendor Dist. (Includes				
	Product Procured to fill NIS Situations. Approved at the Contracting	Pallet			
82	Officer's discretion)	Spaces	2,400	4,200	3,600
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) for Prime Vendor Dist. UGR-A	Pallet			
83	Perishable A Group Rations	Spaces	2,400	4,200	3,600
	Government Furnished Material (GFM) Unitized Group Ration Express	Pallet			
84	(UGR-E)	Spaces	18,000	31,500	27,000
		Pallet			
85	GFM - Health and Comfort Packs	Spaces	4,800	8,400	7,200
86	GFM- OTHER	CS	9,600	16,800	14,400

8. For zone 2, attachment 3, the following titles are revised as follows:

Cell Location	From	То
A132	Option 1 (18 Month) Normal Dist. Fee % Increase/Decrease from Base to Option per 1	Option 1 (18 Month) Distribution Price % Increase/Decrease from Base to Option period 1
A133	Option 2 (18 Month) Normal Dist. Fee % Increase/Decrease from Option per 1 to per 2	Option 2 (18 Month) Distribution Price % Increase/Decrease from Option period 1 to 2

9. For zone 2, attachment 4, the "Distribution Category Unit of Measure (UOM) Conversion Factor to Gov't Unit of Issue (UOI)" in column "O" are corrected as follows:

A	С	D	0
Line item Number	Stock Number	Item Description	Distribution Category Unit of Measure (UOM) Conversion Factor to Gov't Unit of Issue (UOI)
127	890501E099943	TUNA, KIT, CN, LIGHT, CHUNK PG, WATER PG, 4.5 OZ LUNCH KIT CN	12
177	892001E290091	CAKE, CHEESE, FZN, SL, BLBERRY, W/SBERRY JAM, WHITE ICING & CHOC STARS, 9", 4/60 OZ EA	4
180	892001E291635	CAKE, VARIETY, FZN, SL, LAYER, 9" (TWO CHOC TRUFFLE, ONE ALMOND AMARETTO MOUSSE, ONE CHOC TORT), 4/C	4
204	894001E195973	CORN CHIPS, NACHO CH, 112/1.06 OZ PG (QCOG)	112
215	894001E095322	POPCORN, UNPOPPED, 12/1 LB PG	12
236	892001E094755	CONE, ICE CRM, CAKE, SMALL, 10/100 CT PG	10
237	8920010791585	HOMINY GRITS, WHITE, QUICK-COOKING, ENRICHED, 24 OZ CO, CID A-A-20035, TYPE I, STYLE B, FLAVOR 1	12
255	892001E093983	STUFFING MIX, HERB, 6/32 OZ BG	6
269	894001E392012	GRAVY MIX, TURKEY, INST, 8/16 OZ CO	8
404	891501E298000	POTATOES, WHITE, FZN, FRENCH FRIED, REFRY COLOR (AFTER HEATING) EXTRA LIGHT OR LIGHT, STRAIGHT-CUT S	6
441	895001E390240	SAUCE, TARTAR, 4/1 GL CO	4
444	892501E298374	SYRUP, BLUBERRY, 6/12 FL OZ CO	6
446	892501E297740	SYRUP, STRAWBERRY, 6/12 FL OZ CO	6
459	895001E392091	SAUCE, CREOLE, 6/0.5 GL PLASTIC JUG CO	6
494	895001E607765	PEPPER, BLK, GRD, GOURMET, 48/1.5 OZ PLASTIC CO	48
611	896001E198101	WATER, SPRING, 24/0.5 LT BT	24

- 10. For zone 2, attachment 4, item number 611, the unit of issue in column "G" is revised from CS to EA.
- 11. For zone 2, attachment 4, the title for column "V" has been revised from "EPA Increment" to "Product Price Exception 3(B)" in accordance with DLAD 52.216.9065, the Economic Price Adjustment clause.